

Visual Materials For The Speaking Test Fce Study Guide

Visual materials for the speaking test FCE are an essential component that can significantly influence a candidate's performance. In the Cambridge First Certificate in English (FCE), the speaking test often includes the use of visual prompts such as photographs, pictures, or diagrams to assess a candidate's ability to communicate ideas clearly, describe details accurately, and express opinions effectively. Proper preparation and understanding of how to utilize visual materials can boost confidence and improve overall scores. This article explores various types of visual materials, tips for effective use, and strategies to excel in the FCE speaking test.

Types of Visual Materials Used in the FCE Speaking Test

Understanding the different types of visual prompts you might encounter is crucial for effective preparation. The FCE speaking test typically involves the examiner providing visual stimuli that serve as the basis for the discussion and interaction.

Photographs

Photographs are among the most common visual materials used in the FCE speaking test. They often depict everyday scenes, events, or objects, and require candidates to describe, compare, or express opinions about what they see.

- Descriptions of people, places, or activities
- Comparisons between two or more photographs
- Opinions about the scene or situation

Pictures or Drawings

Drawings may be simple sketches or more detailed illustrations. They often are used to prompt discussion on processes, sequences, or scenarios.

- Describing stages of a process (e.g., how a machine works)
- Discussing future plans or hypothetical situations based on the drawing
- Identifying differences or similarities between images

Diagrams and Charts

These visual aids are particularly useful for discussing data, trends, or procedures.

- Bar charts, pie charts, or line graphs
- Flowcharts or diagrams explaining a concept
- Timelines or schedules

Effective Strategies for Using Visual Materials in the FCE Speaking Test

Utilizing visual prompts effectively can help demonstrate language skills, coherence, and fluency. Here are some strategies to make the most of visual materials during the test.

1. Take Time to Analyze the Visual

Before speaking, spend a moment examining the visual carefully. Note key details, main themes, and any contrasts or relationships.

- Identify what is happening in the image
- Recognize the main subjects, objects, or people
- Notice any labels, signs, or text included

2. Plan Your Response

Quickly organize your ideas to ensure your speech is structured and coherent.

- Start with a general description
- Move to specific details or comparisons
- Finish with your opinion or conclusion

3. Use Descriptive Language and Vocabulary

Employ precise adjectives, verbs, and nouns to vividly describe what you see.

- Adjectives: vibrant, crowded, peaceful, chaotic
- Verbs: depict, illustrate, compare, contrast

- Nouns: scenery, participants, objects

4. Incorporate Personal Opinions and Reactions

Show your ability to express perspectives, which is often required in the test.

- Express likes or dislikes about the scene
- Discuss possible feelings or emotions involved
- Offer suggestions or predictions based on the visual

5. Practice Describing Different Types of Visuals

Regular practice with diverse prompts improves adaptability and confidence.

- Describe photographs and compare two images
- Explain processes shown in diagrams
- Interpret data from charts and graphs

Tips to Prepare for Visual Materials in the FCE Speaking Test

Preparation is key to performing well with visual prompts. Here are some tips to help you get ready:

1. Build a Rich Vocabulary

Having a broad range of descriptive words enhances your ability to talk about images vividly.

2. Practice Describing Visuals Regularly

Use past exam papers or online resources to practice describing different types of visuals.

3. Develop Note-Taking Skills

Learn to jot down quick notes or keywords as you analyze visuals, helping organize your speech.

4. Record and Evaluate Your Practice

Listening to recordings of your responses helps identify areas for improvement in fluency and accuracy.

5. Engage in Peer Practice

Practicing with classmates or tutors provides realistic experience and constructive feedback.

Common Mistakes to Avoid When Using Visual Materials

Being aware of common pitfalls can help you prepare more effectively:

- Overloading your response with too many details
- Failing to address all parts of the visual prompt
- Neglecting to express your opinions or personal reactions
- Speaking incoherently or without logical structure
- Using limited vocabulary or repetitive language

Conclusion: Mastering Visual Materials for a Successful FCE Speaking Test

In the FCE speaking test, visual materials are a valuable tool to showcase your language proficiency, descriptive skills, and ability to communicate ideas effectively. By understanding the different types of visuals, practicing strategic responses, and preparing thoroughly, you can turn these prompts into opportunities to shine. Remember to analyze visuals critically, plan your speech, and incorporate varied vocabulary and opinions. With consistent practice and a confident approach, you can master the use of visual materials and achieve your desired score in the FCE speaking test.

For best results, consider working with teachers or language partners who can provide feedback on your descriptive techniques and help you build the confidence needed to excel in using visual prompts during your exam.

Visual Materials for the Speaking Test FCE: A Comprehensive Guide

Visual materials for the speaking test FCE have become an essential component of the Cambridge First Certificate in English (FCE) exam. As candidates prepare to demonstrate their speaking abilities, understanding how to effectively interpret and utilize visual prompts can significantly influence their performance. This article explores the types of visual materials encountered in the FCE speaking test, strategies for approaching them, and tips to maximize their potential to showcase language skills, critical thinking, and coherence.

Understanding the Role of Visual Materials in the FCE Speaking Test

The FCE speaking test is designed to assess a candidate's ability to communicate effectively in

real-life situations. Visual prompts such as photographs, diagrams, charts, or illustrations are used to stimulate discussion, encourage interaction, and evaluate language proficiency within contextual frameworks.

Why are visual materials important?

- Engagement: Visuals serve as concrete starting points, capturing candidates' attention and reducing anxiety by providing clear cues.
- Contextualization: They help frame the conversation, offering specific topics or scenarios that mimic real-world communication.
- Assessment Focus: Examiners evaluate not just grammatical accuracy but also fluency, vocabulary range, coherence, and interaction skills—all of which can be demonstrated through visual prompts.

Types of Visual Materials in the FCE Speaking Test

Candidates can expect a variety of visual materials during their exam. Recognizing these types enables effective preparation:

- Photographs

Photographs are perhaps the most common visual prompts. They depict real-life scenes such as social gatherings, landscapes, events, or everyday situations.

Example: An image showing people at a park, discussing their activities, or a busy street scene.

Preparation tip: Practice describing photographs by focusing on the main elements, possible emotions, and implications.

- Charts and Graphs

These visuals often relate to data interpretation, trends, or comparisons.

Example: A bar chart showing the popularity of different hobbies among teenagers.

Preparation tip: Develop skills in summarizing data, noting significant features, and making comparisons.

- Diagrams and Maps

Diagrams illustrate processes or systems, while maps depict locations or routes.

Example: A diagram showing the stages of the water cycle or a map of a city district.

Preparation tip: Practice explaining sequential processes and giving directions or describing locations.

- Illustrations and Drawings

Line drawings or cartoons can evoke discussion about situations, opinions, or preferences.

Example: An illustration of people shopping in a market, which could prompt conversation about shopping habits.

Preparation tip: Focus on describing scenes vividly and expressing opinions about depicted scenarios.

Strategies for Approaching Visual Materials Effectively

Maximizing the potential of visual prompts requires a strategic approach. Here's a step-by-step guide:

- Quickly Analyze the Visual
 - Identify the main subject or theme.
 - Note key details: people, objects, activities.
 - Observe any text or labels that may provide clues.

Tip: Practice quick scanning to gather initial impressions within 30 seconds.

- Organize Your Thoughts
 - Decide on the key points to describe or discuss.
 - Think about possible questions or topics related to the visual.

Tip: Use mental frameworks such as 'What is happening?', 'Who is involved?', 'Where and when does this take place?' to structure your speech.

- Use a Range of Vocabulary and Structures
- Employ descriptive adjectives and nouns.
- Incorporate connectors (first, then, because, although).
- Use different verb tenses to describe past, present, or future scenarios.

Tip: Prepare a mental lexicon of useful phrases for describing visuals.

- Engage with the Other Candidate
- Respond to their ideas to foster interaction.
- Ask questions or share opinions based on the visual.

Tip: Active listening and natural turn-taking are key to a confident performance.

- Manage Your Time
- Allocate time wisely: brief intro, main description, conclusion or opinion.
- Keep within the suggested time for each part.

Tip: Practice timed responses to build confidence.

Practical Tips to Improve Visual Material Skills

- Regular Practice with Diverse Visuals

Frequent exposure to various visuals enhances adaptability and confidence.

- Use online resources, such as sample exam materials or visual-based exercises.
- Practice describing and discussing images aloud.

- Develop a Vocabulary Bank

Create a personal vocabulary list for common topics:

- People: elderly, teenagers, colleagues
- Places: bustling, remote, scenic
- Activities: organizing, celebrating, commuting
- Emotions: excited, frustrated, surprised

- Record and Review Practice Sessions

- Record your responses to analyze fluency, pronunciation, and coherence.
- Identify areas for improvement.

- Engage in Peer Practice

- Practice with classmates or tutors to simulate exam conditions.
- Receive feedback on content, language, and interaction skills.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

- Overloading with Details

Candidates may provide excessive information, leading to confusion or losing focus.

Solution: Stick to a few main points; prioritize relevance over quantity.

- Difficulty in Expressing Opinions

Some may struggle to share views confidently.

Solution: Prepare useful phrases like "I think that?", "In my opinion?", "It seems to me that?" to express personal views smoothly.

- Limited Vocabulary

Lack of variety can hinder descriptive richness.

Solution: Build a thematic vocabulary bank and practice paraphrasing.

Final Thoughts: Turning Visuals into Opportunities

In the FCE speaking test, visual materials are not just prompts—they are gateways to demonstrating your language proficiency, critical thinking, and interaction skills. By understanding the types of visuals, adopting effective strategies, and practicing regularly, candidates can transform these prompts into opportunities to shine.

Remember, success lies in preparation, confidence, and the ability to engage naturally with the visual and your partner. With consistent effort, you'll be able to navigate any visual prompt with ease, making your speaking test experience not just successful but also enjoyable.

Question What types of visual materials are most effective for the FCE speaking test? Photographs, charts, graphs, and pictures are commonly used as they help candidates describe and discuss various topics confidently. **How can I improve my ability to describe visual materials during the FCE speaking test?** Practice describing different types of images, focusing on details, colors, emotions, and context to enhance clarity and fluency in your descriptions. **What are some common questions examiners ask about visual materials in the FCE speaking test?** Examiners may ask you to compare images, express opinions, suggest solutions, or describe the scene and its significance. **How should I organize my response when describing a visual material in the FCE speaking test?** Start with an overall description, then move to specific details, express your opinion or analysis, and conclude with a summary or personal reaction. **Are there specific vocabulary words I should learn for describing visual materials in the FCE?** Yes, useful vocabulary includes adjectives for appearance and emotions, verbs for actions or changes, and phrases for making comparisons or expressing opinions. **How important is body language when discussing visual materials during the FCE speaking test?** Body language helps convey confidence and engagement; maintain eye contact, use gestures to emphasize points, and stay natural. **Can I use notes or prompts when describing visual materials in the FCE speaking test?** While brief notes can help organize your thoughts, avoid reading directly from them. Practice speaking smoothly without relying heavily on notes. **How can I practice visual material questions effectively for the FCE speaking test?** Use online practice tests, create your own images to describe, and participate in speaking clubs or with a partner to simulate test conditions. **What common mistakes should I avoid when discussing visual materials in the FCE speaking test?** Avoid vague descriptions, overusing fillers, hesitating excessively, or failing to answer the specific question asked about the image. **How does practicing visual description help improve overall performance in the FCE speaking test?** It builds your confidence, expands your vocabulary, and enhances your ability to organize thoughts coherently,

leading to better fluency and coherence.

Related keywords: speaking test visuals, FCE speaking practice, visual prompts FCE, speaking exam images, FCE speaking topics, visual aids for FCE, speaking test preparation, FCE speaking part visuals, conversation images FCE, exam visual materials

MICROSOFT TEST MANAGER TUTORIAL

Microsoft Test Manager Tutorial: A Comprehensive Guide to Efficient Test Management

In the world of software development, ensuring the quality and reliability of your applications is paramount. Microsoft Test Manager (MTM) is a powerful tool designed to streamline the testing process, enabling teams to plan, execute, and track testing efforts with ease. Whether you're a beginner or looking to enhance your testing workflows, this **Microsoft Test Manager tutorial** will provide you with a step-by-step guide to harnessing MTM's full potential for your projects.

Understanding Microsoft Test Manager

Before diving into the tutorial, it's essential to grasp what Microsoft Test Manager is and how it integrates into the broader Visual Studio ecosystem.

What is Microsoft Test Manager?

Microsoft Test Manager is a test management tool integrated with Visual Studio Team Services (VSTS) and Azure DevOps. It provides an intuitive interface for managing test plans, creating and executing test cases, and tracking testing progress. MTM supports both manual and exploratory testing, making it versatile for various testing scenarios.

Key Features of Microsoft Test Manager

- Test Planning: Create and organize test plans, test suites, and test cases.
- Test Execution: Execute manual tests and record results efficiently.
- Test Tracking: Monitor testing progress and generate detailed reports.
- Exploratory Testing: Conduct ad-hoc testing sessions with session-based testing capabilities.
- Integration: Seamlessly connects with Azure DevOps for continuous testing workflows.

Setting Up Microsoft Test Manager

Getting started with MTM involves installing and configuring the tool for your environment.

Prerequisites

- Visual Studio Enterprise or Professional edition (with test management features).
- Azure DevOps account or TFS (Team Foundation Server) setup.
- Appropriate permissions to access test management features.

Installing Microsoft Test Manager

- Download the Visual Studio Installer from the official Microsoft website.
- Choose the edition that includes testing tools (e.g., Visual Studio Enterprise).
- During installation, select the "Testing Tools" workload to install MTM.
- Complete the installation and launch Visual Studio.
- Connect to your Azure DevOps project or TFS server within Visual Studio.

Creating and Managing Test Plans

A well-structured test plan is the foundation of successful testing. MTM simplifies organizing your testing efforts through test plans and suites.

Creating a Test Plan

- Open Microsoft Test Manager from Visual Studio or the Azure DevOps portal.
- Navigate to the "Test Plans" section.
- Click "New Test Plan" and provide a descriptive name, description, and start/end dates.
- Associate the test plan with a specific build or release if needed.
- Save the test plan to begin adding test cases.

Organizing Test Suites

Test suites help categorize test cases based on features, modules, or testing strategies.

- **Static Test Suites:** Manually organize test cases into logical groups.
- **Requirement-Based Test Suites:** Link test cases to specific requirements or user stories.
- **Query-Based Test Suites:** Dynamically generate test cases based on queries.

Adding Test Cases

- Within your test suite, click "New Test Case" or import existing cases.
- Define the test case steps, expected results, and associated requirements.
- Assign priority, owner, and other metadata to facilitate management.
- Save the test case to include it in your suite.

Executing Tests with Microsoft Test Manager

Once your test cases are organized, the next step is executing tests and recording results.

Manual Test Execution

- Open the test plan and select the test suite to execute.
- Click "Run" on the test case you wish to execute.
- Follow the test steps as documented, marking each step as "Passed" or "Failed."
- If a test fails, record detailed bug information directly from the test runner.
- Complete the test run, and the results will be saved automatically.

Using Action Recording and Data Collection

MTM allows capturing detailed logs and screenshots during test execution, aiding in defect analysis and reproducibility.

Exploratory Testing

For ad-hoc testing, MTM offers session-based testing:

- Schedule a testing session with session details.
- Conduct testing while documenting observations and findings.
- Record bugs and issues discovered during the session.

Tracking and Reporting Testing Progress

Effective test management requires insight into testing status and quality metrics.

Monitoring Test Results

- Navigate to the "Test Results" section in MTM or Azure DevOps.
- Review individual test case outcomes and overall progress.
- Filter results by tester, status, or test plan for detailed analysis.

Generating Reports

MTM provides various built-in reports to visualize testing status:

- Test Results Summary
- Test Case Progress and Trends
- Bugs and Defects Reports

Integrating with Bug Tracking

During testing, bugs can be logged directly from MTM, linked to specific failed test cases, ensuring traceability and quick resolution.

Advanced Tips and Best Practices

Maximize your testing efficiency with these expert tips:

Automate Repetitive Tests

Integrate MTM with automated testing frameworks like MSTest, NUnit, or Selenium to run automated tests alongside manual efforts.

Maintain Test Cases Regularly

Keep your test cases updated with application changes to ensure relevance and accuracy.

Use Tags and Filters

Leverage tags and filters to quickly locate and execute specific test cases based on criteria like priority, feature, or owner.

Collaborate Effectively

Encourage team collaboration by sharing test plans and results, and conducting regular review meetings to discuss testing progress.

Conclusion

Microsoft Test Manager is an essential tool for teams aiming to implement structured and efficient testing workflows. From creating comprehensive test plans and organizing test suites to executing tests and tracking outcomes, MTM provides a centralized platform that enhances test visibility and quality assurance. By following this **Microsoft Test Manager tutorial**, you can streamline your testing process, improve defect detection, and deliver higher-quality software products. Remember to stay updated with the latest features and best practices to maximize your testing success with MTM.

Microsoft Test Manager tutorial: A Comprehensive Guide to Streamlining Your Testing Process

Microsoft Test Manager (MTM) is a powerful tool integrated within the Azure DevOps suite, designed to facilitate efficient test planning, management, and execution. Whether you are a QA professional, a developer, or a project manager, mastering MTM can significantly enhance your testing workflows, improve defect detection rates, and ensure higher quality software releases. This tutorial aims to provide an in-depth overview of Microsoft Test Manager, guiding you through its features, setup, best practices, and real-world applications.

Introduction to Microsoft Test Manager

Microsoft Test Manager is a dedicated testing management environment that helps teams plan, execute, and track testing activities seamlessly. Originally part of Visual Studio Test Professional, MTM is now integrated within Azure DevOps, offering a unified platform for Agile testing, exploratory testing, and manual test case management.

Key Features of Microsoft Test Manager

- Test Planning: Create and organize test plans, test suites, and test cases.
- Test Execution: Run manual tests, record results, and capture screenshots.
- Test Management: Track defects, manage test configurations, and generate reports.
- Integration: Seamlessly connect with Azure DevOps for continuous integration and automated testing workflows.
- Exploratory Testing: Record exploratory sessions with detailed notes and recordings.

Setting Up Microsoft Test Manager

Before diving into testing, proper setup of MTM is essential.

Prerequisites

- A valid Azure DevOps account with appropriate permissions.
- Installed Visual Studio Test Professional or access via Azure DevOps.
- Access to a test environment or lab machines.

Installation and Configuration

- Download and Install: Download Microsoft Test Manager from the Visual Studio downloads page or via Azure DevOps.
- Connect to Azure DevOps: Launch MTM and connect it to your Azure DevOps project by signing in with your credentials.
- Configure Test Environments: Set up test machines, configurations, and network environments to align with your testing needs.

Tips for Effective Setup

- Organize your test plans hierarchically for easier management.
- Maintain a clear mapping between test environments and real-world configurations.
- Regularly update test artifacts to ensure they reflect current application versions.

Creating and Managing Test Plans

Test planning is the foundation of effective testing.

Creating a Test Plan

- In MTM, navigate to the "Test Plans" section.
- Click "New Test Plan" and provide a descriptive name, start/end dates, and any relevant details.
- Assign ownership and stakeholders.

Organizing Test Suites

- Static Test Suites: Manually added test cases grouped logically.
- Requirement-based Suites: Linked to user stories or requirements for traceability.
- Query-based Suites: Dynamic grouping based on queries.

Best Practices

- Break down large test plans into smaller, manageable suites.
- Link test cases to user stories or bugs for better traceability.
- Regularly review and update test plans to reflect current project scope.

Designing and Managing Test Cases

Creating effective test cases is critical to uncovering defects early.

Writing Test Cases

- Clear, concise steps with expected results.
- Use descriptive titles and tags for easy filtering.
- Include preconditions and postconditions.

Reusing Test Cases

- Modularize test steps for reuse across different test cases.
- Attach relevant documentation, screenshots, or scripts.

Organizing Test Cases

- Group related test cases into shared test suites.
- Use labels and tags for categorization.

Tips for Effective Test Cases

- Prioritize test cases based on risk and impact.
- Keep test cases up-to-date with application changes.
- Incorporate exploratory testing notes within test cases or as separate sessions.

Test Execution and Result Recording

Executing tests efficiently and accurately recording results is vital.

Running Manual Tests

- Select a test case from your test suite.
- Follow each step, observing the actual behavior.
- Record outcomes: Passed, Failed, Blocked, or Not Applicable.
- Capture screenshots or record videos if needed.

Recording Defects

- Link defects directly to failed test cases.
- Provide detailed descriptions, steps to reproduce, and severity.
- Attach logs or screenshots to aid debugging.

Managing Test Runs

- Use test configurations to run multiple test cases under different environments.
- Schedule and assign test runs to team members.
- Monitor real-time progress and results.

Pros and Cons of Test Execution Features

Pros:

- Streamlined process for manual testing.
- Rich media capture for detailed documentation.
- Easy defect linkage and traceability.

Cons:

- Manual process can be time-consuming for large test suites.
- Limited automation capabilities within MTM itself.

Integrating Automated Testing with Microsoft Test Manager

While MTM excels at manual testing, integration with automated testing frameworks enhances overall efficiency.

Integration with Visual Studio Test Automation

- Use Visual Studio Test tools to develop automated test scripts.
- Link automated tests to test cases in MTM.
- Run automated tests as part of continuous integration pipelines.

Benefits of Integration

- Reduces manual effort.
- Ensures consistency between manual and automated testing.
- Facilitates comprehensive test coverage.

Limitations

- Setup can be complex for beginners.
- Requires scripting knowledge for automation.

Reporting and Tracking

Effective reporting provides insights into testing progress and quality metrics.

Built-in Reports

- Test Run Summary
- Test Results Trend
- Defect Status and Age
- Requirements Traceability Matrix

Custom Reports

- Use Azure DevOps Analytics or Power BI for tailored dashboards.
- Export data for external analysis.

Best Practices

- Regularly review reports to identify bottlenecks.
- Use metrics to prioritize testing efforts.
- Maintain up-to-date dashboards for stakeholder visibility.

Best Practices for Using Microsoft Test Manager

- Plan Early: Incorporate testing early in the development lifecycle.
- Maintain Test Artifacts: Keep test cases and plans updated with application changes.
- Leverage Linkages: Connect requirements, test cases, defects, and build versions.
- Automate Where Possible: Use automation to handle repetitive and regression testing.
- Collaborate: Engage team members through shared test plans and results.
- Review Regularly: Conduct test reviews and retrospectives for continuous improvement.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

Challenge: Managing Large Test Suites

Solution: Break down into smaller, manageable suites; use query-based suites for dynamic grouping.

Challenge: Keeping Test Cases Up-to-date

Solution: Establish a review cycle aligned with development sprints; assign ownership.

Challenge: Integration Complexity

Solution: Invest in automation and continuous integration pipelines; use documentation and training.

Challenge: Limited Automation within MTM

Solution: Use external automation tools integrated with Azure DevOps, such as Selenium or Coded UI.

Conclusion

Microsoft Test Manager is a robust tool that, when used effectively, can significantly boost your testing efficiency, coverage, and traceability. Its comprehensive features for test planning, execution, defect management, and reporting make it indispensable for teams adopting Agile and DevOps practices. While there are challenges, especially around automation and managing large test repositories, with proper setup, training, and best practices, MTM can become a cornerstone of your software quality assurance process.

By following this tutorial, you should now have a clear understanding of how to leverage Microsoft Test Manager to streamline your testing operations, improve collaboration, and ultimately deliver

higher quality software to your users. Remember, continuous learning and adaptation are key to maximizing the benefits of MTM in your projects.

QuestionAnswer What are the main features of Microsoft Test Manager (MTM)? Microsoft Test Manager (MTM) provides features such as test planning, manual test execution, test case management, bug tracking integration, and collaboration tools to streamline the testing process within Visual Studio and Azure DevOps. How do I create and organize test plans in Microsoft Test Manager? In MTM, you can create test plans by navigating to the 'Test Plans' hub, clicking 'New Test Plan,' and defining its name and details. You can then add test suites and test cases to organize tests based on requirements, features, or test types for better management. Can I automate tests using Microsoft Test Manager, and how is it integrated with other tools? While MTM primarily supports manual testing, it integrates seamlessly with Visual Studio and Azure DevOps, enabling automation through test scripts and frameworks like MSTest, Selenium, or CodedUI. Automated tests can be linked to test cases for comprehensive test management. What are the best practices for using Microsoft Test Manager effectively? Best practices include maintaining detailed and reusable test cases, organizing tests into logical suites, utilizing shared steps for common actions, integrating with bug tracking, and regularly updating test plans based on project changes to ensure thorough testing coverage. Is Microsoft Test Manager suitable for Agile development environments? Yes, MTM is well-suited for Agile teams as it supports iterative testing, easy integration with Azure DevOps Agile tools, and flexible test planning, allowing teams to adapt testing activities to sprint cycles and continuous delivery workflows.

Related keywords: Microsoft Test Manager, TFS testing, test planning, test case management, automated testing, test execution, bug tracking, test lab management, test reporting, test automation tools

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